Dept. of Electronics & Telecommunication, LESSON PLAN (SUMMER-2023)

Name of the Faculty: DEBASISH MOHAPATRA. (PTGF, ETC) Subject Number: Th.2 Govt. Polytechnic, Balasore. Analog Electronics and OP-AMP

: 4P/W

Total Period s: 60 P/ SEM Examination: 3 Hours

Class Test

20 Marks

End Semester Exam : 80marks

SEM :	4 th ELECT.ENGG	End Semester Exam : 80marks TOTAL MARKS : 100 Marks
WEEK		Class Start : 14 FEB.2023
	PERIOD	
		TOPIC
1 st	1 st	
	2 nd	P-N JUNCTION DIODE: 1.1P-N Junction Diode
	3 rd	1.2Working of Diode 1.3 V-I characteristic of PN junction Diode
	3	1.4 DC load line1.5 important terms such as ideal blade to
	4 th	
	4	1.6Junctions break down. Zener breakdown, Avalanche
2 nd	1 st	Dreakdown
	2 nd	1.7P-N Diode clipping Circuit .
		1.8 P-N Diode clamping Circuit,
	3 rd	SPECIAL SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES: 2.1Thermistors
ord	4 th	2.1Sensors & barretters
3 rd	1 st	2.3 Tunnel Diode
	2 nd	2.4 PIN Diode
	3 rd	RECTIFIER CIRCUITS & FILTERS: 3.1. Classification of rectifiers 3.2 Analysis of
	-+h	nail wave, full wave centre tapped and Bridge rectifiers and calculate
	4 th	3.2.1DC output current and voltage, 3.2.1RMS output current and voltage
4 th	1 st	3.2.3Rectifier efficiency
	2 nd	3.2.4Transformer utilization factor,3.2.7 Peak inverse voltage
	3 rd	3.Filters: 3.3.1Shunt capacitor filter,
	4 th	3.3.2Choke input filter,
5 th	1 st	3.3.3π filter
	2 nd	
		TRANSISTORS:4.1 Principle of Bipolar junction transistor,
	3 rd	4.2Different modes of operation of transistor
	4 th	4.3Current components in a transistor
6 th	1 st	4.4Transistor as an amplifier
	2 nd	4.5Transistor circuit configuration & its characteristics4.5.1 CB
		Configuration
* = 1	3 rd	4.5.2CE Configuration
	4 th	4.5.3CC Configuration
	4	4.5.5cc comiguration
7 th	1 st	TRANSISTOR CIRCUITS: 5.1 Transistor biasing
	2 nd	5.3Stability factor
	3 rd	5.3Stability factor
		5.4Different method of Transistors Biasing: 5.4.1 Base resistor method
	4 th	
8 th	1 st	5.4.2Collector to base bias
	2 nd	5.4.3Self bias or voltage divider method
	3 rd	TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIERS & OSCILLATORS :6.1Practical circuit of
		transistor amplifier, 6.2DC load line and DC equivalent circuit
	4 th	6.3AC load line and AC equivalent circuit ,6.4Calculation of gai
-th	1 st	
9 th	Table 1	Phase reversal
	2 nd	H-parameters of transistors
	3 rd	Simplified H-parameters of transistors

		Generalised approximate model
a oth	4 tt	Analysis of CB, CE, CC amplifier using generalised approximate mode
10 th	1 st	Multi stage transistor amplifier
		R.C. coupled amplifier
	2 nd	
		Transformer coupled amplifier, Feed back in amplifier
	3 rd	General theory of feed back. Negative feedback circuit
	4 th	The second of th
		Advantage of negative feed back
11 th	1 st	Power amplifier and its classification
	1	Difference between voltage amplifier and power amplifier
		Transformer coupled class A power amplifier
	2 nd	Class A push – pull amplifier, Class B push – pull amplifier.
	3 rd	Oscillators ,Types of oscillators, Essentials of transistor oscillator
	4 th	Principle of operation of tuned collector, Hartley, colpitt,
		Principle of operation of tuneu concern, washington
		phase shift, wein- bridge oscillator (no mathematical
		derivations)
th	1 st	Stand collector Hartley, colpitt,
12 th	1	Principle of operation of tuned collector, Hartley, colpitt,
		phase shift, wein-bridge oscillator (no mathematical
		derivations)
_	2 nd	7: FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR: Classification of
	2	7: FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTON. SISSE
		FETAdvantages of FET over BJT
-	3 rd	Principle of operation of BJT
-		at the of operation of BJT
4h	1 st	set parameters (no mathematical derivation)
13 th	•	DC drain resistance; AC drain resistance,
		Trans-conductance
	2 nd	FET parameters (no mathematical derivation)
	-	DC drain resistance; AC drain resistance;
		Trans-conductance
	3 rd	Dissing of EFT
	4 th	
	4	Coneral circuit simple of OP-AIVIP and IC OF
		a sectional amplifier Stages
-th	1 st	Equivalent circuit of operational amplifier,
14 th		Open loop OP-AMP configuration
ŀ	2 nd	Equivalent circuit of operational amplifier, Open loop OP-AMP configuration
		Open loop OP-AIVIP Configuration
	3 rd	OPAMP with fed back Inverting OP-AMP
_	-th	Non inverting OP-AMP
	4 th	Voltage follower & buffer
	1 st	Differential amplifier
15 th	-	Adder or summing amplifier
	2 nd	Sub tractor
	2	Integrator
	3 rd	Differentiator
	4 th	Comparator

14/2/23

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